Name:	Teacher:	Date:
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### Roller Coaster Activity Sheet



As you ride the roller coaster, conduct the experiment as if you are the experiment, and consider the questions below:

1.	How does the size of the hills change during the ride?
2.	Do you move faster or slower when you are at the top of the hill?
3.	Do you move faster or slower when you are at the bottom of the hill?
4.	As you go up a hill, do you gain or lose speed?
5.	As you go down a hill, do you gain or lose speed?
6.	As you go up a hill, do you feel heavier, lighter, or the same?
7.	As you go down a hill, do you feel heavier, lighter, or the same?
8.	When the ride makes a turn, are you pushed into the turn or away from it?
9.	Which way are the curves banked? (Sloped toward the inside or outside of the turn?)
	a. Why?
10.	Where is the kinetic energy greatest during the ride?
11.	Where is the potential energy greatest during the ride?
12.	List any simple machines involved in the operation of this ride:
13.	Identify 3 sources of friction.

14. Make a diagram on the back of this sheet of the roller coaster track layout. Label the following: Minimum potential energy, G; maximum potential energy, X; minimum kinetic energy, K; maximum kinetic energy, M; weightless sensation, W; heavy sensation, H.

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### Ferris Wheel Activity Sheet



#### Problems:

- 1. When the Ferris wheel is turning at the fastest rate, do you feel lighter or heavier at the bottom of the circle?\_\_\_\_\_
- 2. How do you feel at the top of the circle?
- 3. Do the forces get stronger or weaker as the speed increases? \_\_\_\_\_

Name:	Teacher:	Date:

### Merry-Go-Round Activity Sheet



### Problems:

1.	As the ride turns, is your body thrown slightly to the inside or outside?
2.	Do all the animals go up and down at the same time?
3.	Does the animal next to you move up and down as you do?
4.	Do you feel slightly lighter or heavier when your horse is going up?
5.	What about when it's going down?
6.	Do you feel differently when riding a horse on the outside vs. the inside of the ride?
	If so how?
	a. If so, how?

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# Rotating Platform (Rainbow)



1.	When the ride is going full speed, do you feel lighter or heavier at the bottom of the circle?	
2.	How do you feel at the top of the circle?	
3.	What happens when the ride is halfway down?	
4.	What happens when the ride is halfway up?	
5.	What forces do you feet at the top of the circle?	
6.	Does it make a difference if you sit on the left or the right side of the car?	
	a. How?	

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# Rotating Swing Chairs



1.	How do you feel when the ride is moving, but not tilted?
2.	How do you feel when the ride is going down when tilted?
3.	How do you feel when the ride is going up when tilted?
4.	Which goes higheran empty swing or one with someone in it?
5.	What do you feel as the speed increases?
6.	What happens to the seats as the speed increases?
7.	What keeps the riders on the inside from swinging out and colliding with a rider on the outside?

Name:	Teacher:	Date:
Roll	er Coaster Type Rides Sa	ample Activity Sheet
People in your group.		
Sketch: Make a sketch	of the ride with all the appropriate labels	
Sketch. Wake a sketch	of the ride with all the appropriate facers	
Data: Record the data	you acquired from your instruments and	observations.
Problems: Calculation	s should be done on another sheet and at	tached it to this sheet.
1. Why is the second h	nill shorter than the first?	
2. Assuming no frictio	n how much potential energy was stored	on the first climb?
2 D.4	4-4'144'-1	11
3. Determine the gravi	tational potential energy on the second hi	ll
4. Label the sections of	n your sketch that represent the greatest k	kinetic energy.
5. Determine the avera	ge and the maximum velocity of the ride.	
a. Average veloci	ty:	
b. Maximum velo	ocity:	

6. Where does the maximum and minimum acceleration occur?

a. Maximum acceleration:

b. Minimum acceleration:

7. Compare the calculated acceleration with the acceleration you measured with an accelerometer.

Name:	Teacher:	Date:

# **Rotational Type Rides Sample Activity Sheet**

People in your group:
Sketch: Make a sketch of the ride with all the appropriate labels.
Data: Record the data you acquired from your instruments and observations.
Problems: Calculations should be done on another sheet and attached to this sheet.
1.Determine the maximum speed of the ride
2. Where does the maximum and minimum acceleration occur?
a. Maximum acceleration:  b. Minimum acceleration:
3. What is the average linear and angular speed of the ride?
a. Average Linear:  b. Angular Speed:
4. Calculate the frequency and period of rotation.
5. Compare the calculated acceleration with the acceleration you measured with an accelerometer.
6.Calculate the centripetal acceleration and force on a 70 kg person.
7. What prevented you from falling off the ride?